بسم الله الرحيم

- • •
- Mustafa^(pbuh) Science and Technology Foundation (MSTF)

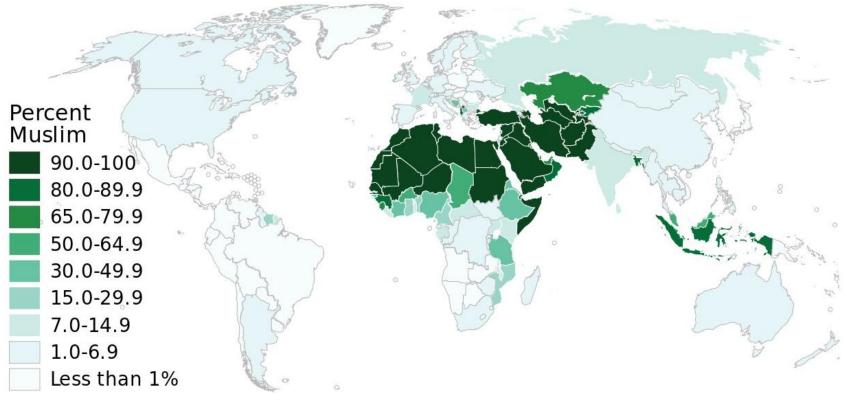
MuSTaFa

- ······Prof. Saeed Sarkar, ········Prof. Saeed Sarkar, ········Prof. Saeed Sarkar, ·········Prof. Saeed Sarkar, ··
-



Islamic Countries





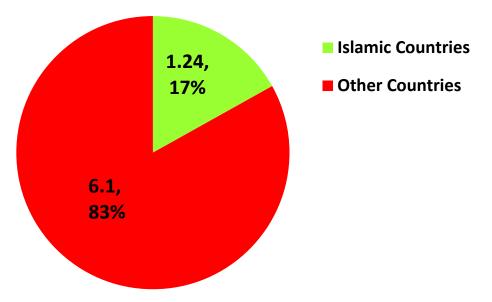
• Organization of Islamic Cooperation (OIC) : 57 members

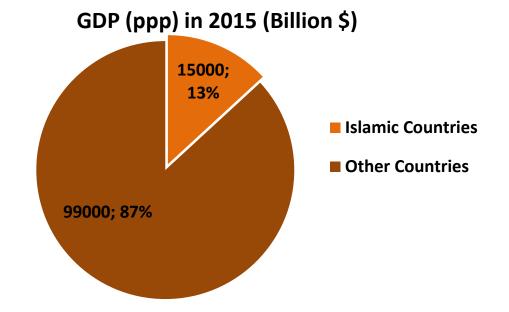


OIC Member Countries Statistics



Population in 2015 (Billion people)





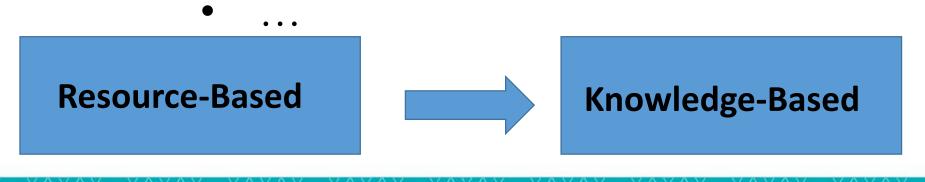


OIC Member Countries Economy



Mainly Resource-Based:

- Oil,
- Gas,
- Minerals,
- Agriculture
- Conventional Products,

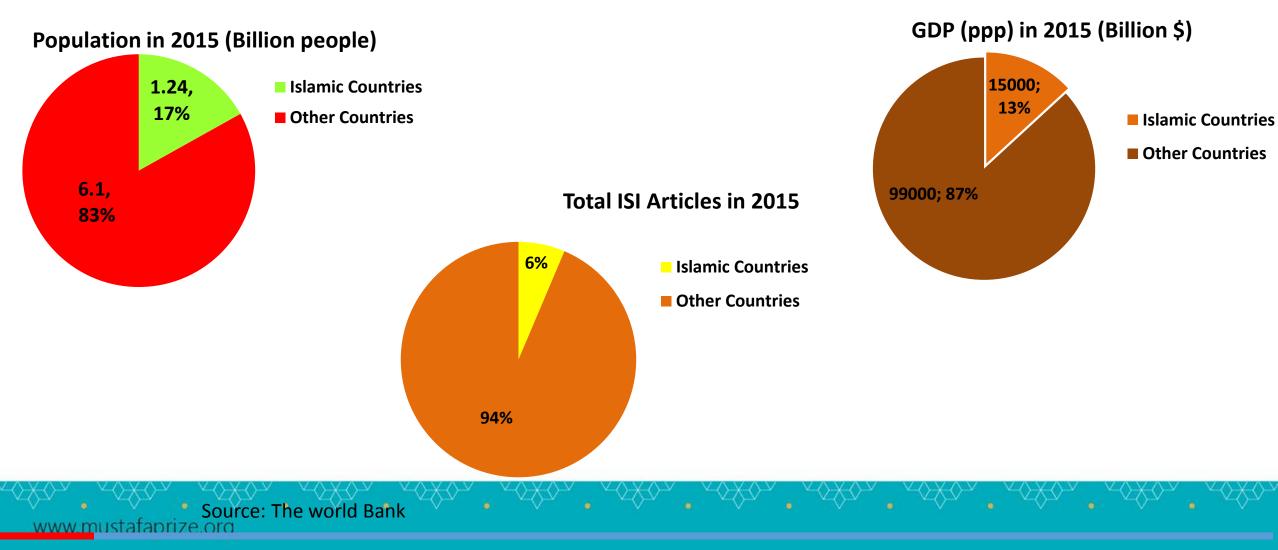


<u>.www.mustafaprize.org</u>



Statistics







Muslim Nobel Laureates





Mohammad Abdus Salam (Physics, 1979) Pakistan



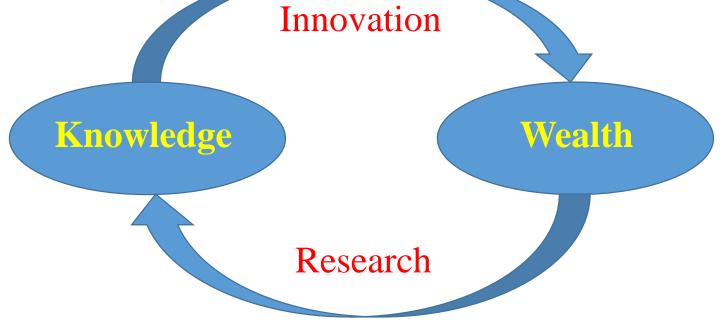
Ahmed Zewail (Chemistry, 1999) Egypt



Aziz Sancar (Chemistry 2015) Turkey

< 0.5% of the total No. of NL in the Fields of Physics, Chemistry, Physiology, Medicine and economy



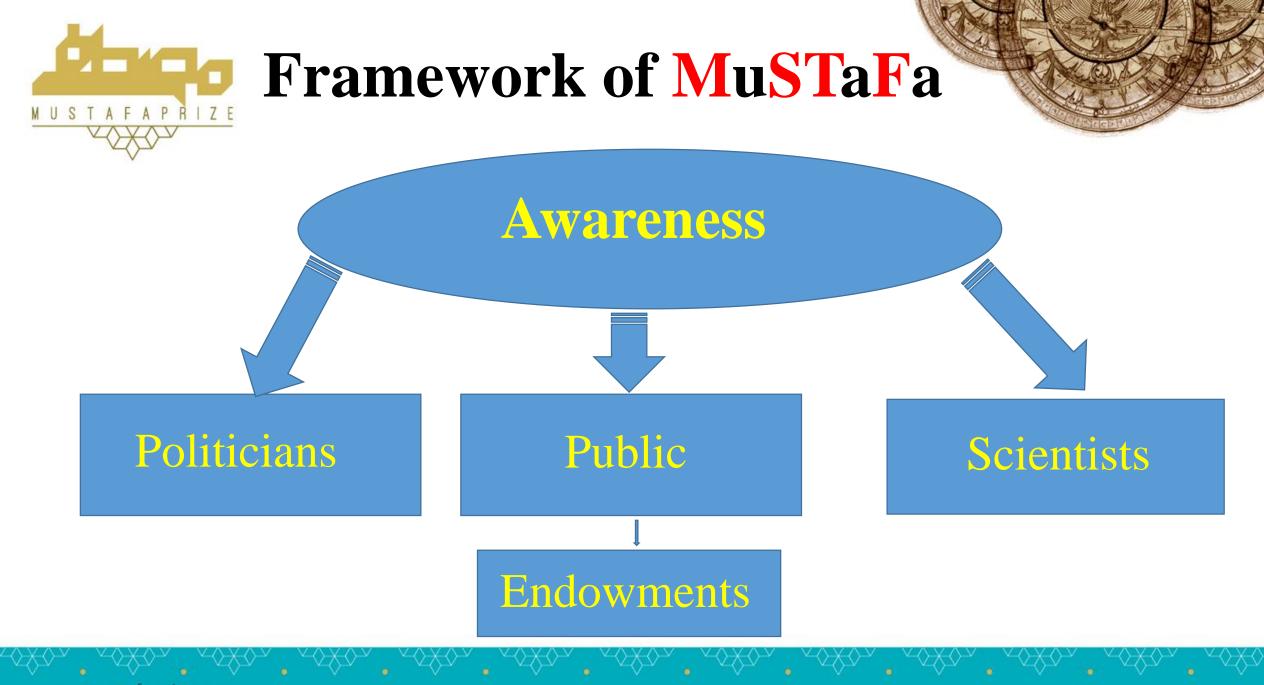


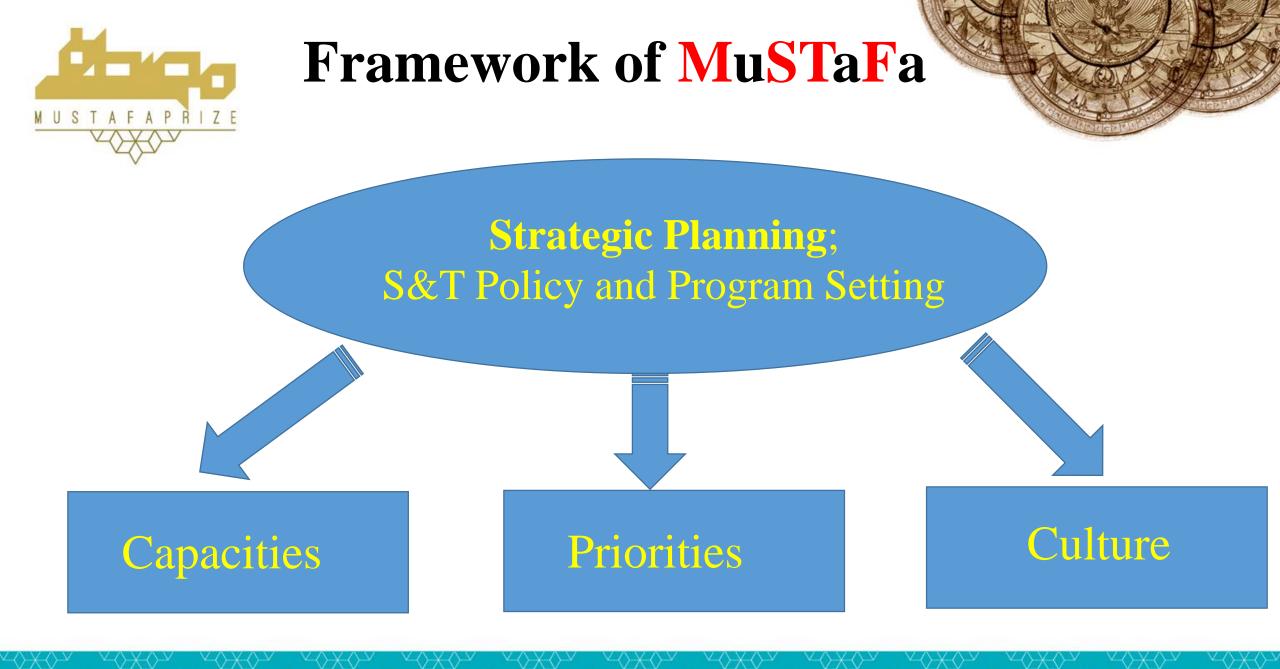


(MSTF) MuSTaFa

Vision:

- Revitalize the golden era of S&T in Muslim world
- To achieve sustainable knowledge-based economy for Muslim societies







Framework of MuSTaFa



Other Important Issues;

- •Capacity Building
- •R&D Infrastructure
- Innovation Ecosystem
- •Knowledge Managements





Supporting/Providing:

- Educational, research and tech-development grants
- Workshops, seminars and conferences
- Joint R&D activities and technological collaborations
- Sharing financial, R&D infrastructures.
- Exchange of researchers and scientists
- Networking
- Tech-exchange forum, hi-tech exhibitions



Fund Raising in Islamic World

- People's Donations
- Endowment
- Zakat
- Financial Institutions
- Charity Organizations





The Mustafa^(pbuh) Prize

As a Profund Activity of MuSTaFa

(www.mustafaprize.org)



The Mustafa^(pbuh) Prize



Mustafa Prize is granted:

To a distinguished scientist/technologist with outstanding achievement extending scientific and technology borders having a profound effect on human life and society.

The prize is awarded biannually







The Prize includes:

a)Medal

b) Diploma

c) Award: \$500.000





The Prize Fields and Nomination Process



The Prize fields are as follows:

- a) Information and Communication Technologies
- **b)** Life Sciences and Medicine
- c) Nano Science and Nanotechnology

d) All areas of Science and Technology; (including interdisciplinary and following fields)

- Cognitive Science
- Islamic Economic and Banking

Nominations must be declared only by eminent scientists of the world or nominating institutions.







The 2015 Mustafa^(pbuh) Prize in Bio Nanotechnology was awarded to Prof. Jackie Ying.

Prof. Jackie Ying (born 1966, Taiwan) is the Executive Director of the Institute of Bioengineering and Nanotechnology in Singapore. The 2015 Mustafa^(pbuh) Prize was granted to Prof. Ying for her remarkable work on "Stimuli-Responsive Systems for Controlled Drug Delivery".



The 2015 Mustafa^(pbuh) Prize in Nanoscience and Nanotechnology was awarded to Prof. Omar Yaghi.

Prof. Omar Yaghi (born 1965, Jordan) is the Co-Director of the Kavli Energy NanoScience Institute at Berkeley.

The 2015 Mustafa^(pbuh) Prize was granted to Prof. Yaghi for his remarkable work on "Porous Metal-Organic Frameworks (MOFs)".



The Mustafa^(pbuh) Prize, 2015

- Time: 25th Dec. 2015
- Venue: Vahdat Theater, Tehran, Iran
- Delegates:

- ✓ Eminent scientists, scholars and academicians:
- ✓ 60 scientists worldwide
- ✓ Ambassadors of 20 countries









The Mustafa^(pbub) Prize, 2015 in Media



Reported in more than 280 different Media worldwide and top scientific journals such Nature and Science



Iran needs to present a united front on science

Iranian scientists must be allowed to interact abroad without fear of persecution, says Elise Auerbach.

Trantan officials last month unveiled the Mustafa Science and Technology prizes, for researchers in Islamic countries. The creation of the four US\$ 500,000 prizes illustrates the growing importance to the Irantan leadenship of domestic science and the nurturing of scientific cooperation and exchange with other nations.

The transan government has already developed a cadre of distinguished scientists. State-run media routinely vaunt advances made by Iranian researchers, often new military systems, iran hosted the Fithh International Conference of Cognitive Science in Tehran last year. And Hessamaddin Arfael, a physicist at the Institute for Research in Fundamental Sciences in Tehran, visited the United States in April 2005 to deliver a lecture at a meeting of the American Physical Society trantan authorities to work on military and intelligence pre claimed crimes were communicating with a hostile govern receiving illegitimate funds — an apparent reference to the stipend given to graduate students at his university.

His case and others like it must have a chilling effect on oth scientists engaged in legitimate interactions with colleag West. This inhibits the advancement of science in Iran and be utterly counterproductive to the state-endorsed efforts to tran's scientific achievements internationally.

The more moderate members of Iran's ruling establishin understand that the country's successful integration into community is undermined if its best and brightest schola

Iran creates 'Muslim Nobels'

TEHRAN | Iran is offering a lucrative new science prize, which it hopes will further its goal of becoming known as a research powerhouse. Late last month, two nanotechnology experts took home inaugural Mustafa Prizes, each including \$500,000 in cash. Jackie Ying, executive director of the Agency for Science, Technology and Research's Institute of Bioengineering and Nanotechnology in Singapore, won the "top scientific achievement" award for a body of work including nanoparticles that deliver insulin to diabetic patients, and Omar Yaghi, co-director of the Kavli Energy NanoSciences Institute at the University of California, Berkeley, snared the prize for nanoscience. One rationale for the awards is that only three Muslims have won a Nobel Prize in science, but

Thank You For Your Attention

ORAC SPR SPR

Nasir al-mulk Mosque, Shiraz, Iran